

E-MODULE

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Paper: Business Economics

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CARDINAL UTILITY ANALYSIS

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- b) Cardinal Utility analysis and Ordinal Utility Analysis**
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- b) Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility**
- c) Law of Equal-Marginal Utility**

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IV. Conclusion

1. Introduction to Utility Analysis

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I. Introduction to Utility Analysis

Meaning of Utility

- **Utility means** - The power of a commodity that satisfy the wants of consumer - *want satisfying power*
- Introduced by **Jermy Bentham**
- Measurement '**Utils**'
- **Subjective** entity

Cardinal Utility analysis and Ordinal Utility Analysis

Utility Analysis

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graph TD; UA[Utility Analysis] --- CUA[Cardinal Utility analysis]; UA --- OUA[Ordinal Utility Analysis];
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Cardinal Utility analysis

- **Alfred Marshal**
- can be measured
- 'Utils'
- Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility
- Quantitative
- Subjective entity or Personal
- Law of Equi-marginal Utility
- Mashellian Analysis

Ordinal Utility Analysis

- **J.R. Hicks & R.G.D. Allen**
- Cannot be measured but compared as rank
- **Indifference Curve** analysis

Total Utility(TU) and Marginal Utility(MU)

• **Total Utility** is the sum utility derived from the consumption of bundle of commodity

• **Marginal Utility** is the rate of change of TU from one more unit of extra consumption

$$MU_n = TU_n - TU_{n-1}$$

$$MU = \Delta TU / \Delta Q$$

Unit of Mang o	Total Utilit y	Margin al Utility
1	10	
2	20	
3	29	
4	37	
5	43	
6	48	
7	51	
8	52	
9	52	
10	50	

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6	48	5
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8	52	1
9	52	0
10	50	-2

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2. Cardinal Utility Analysis

- a) Assumptions of Cardinal Utility analysis**
- b) Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility**
- c) Law of Equal-Marginal Utility**

Assumptions of Cardinal Utility analysis

1. Rationality of consumer
2. Cardinal measurability of utility
3. Marginal Utility of Money is constant
4. Diminishing Marginal Utility
5. Utility is Additive – $TU = U_x + U_y + U_z + \dots + U_n$
6. The hypothesis of Independent Utility
7. Introspective method

Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility

- **Gossen first law**
- According to Alfred Marshall '*the additional utility which a person derive from the consumption a commodity diminishes, that is Total Utility increase at an diminishing rate* '

Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility

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Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility

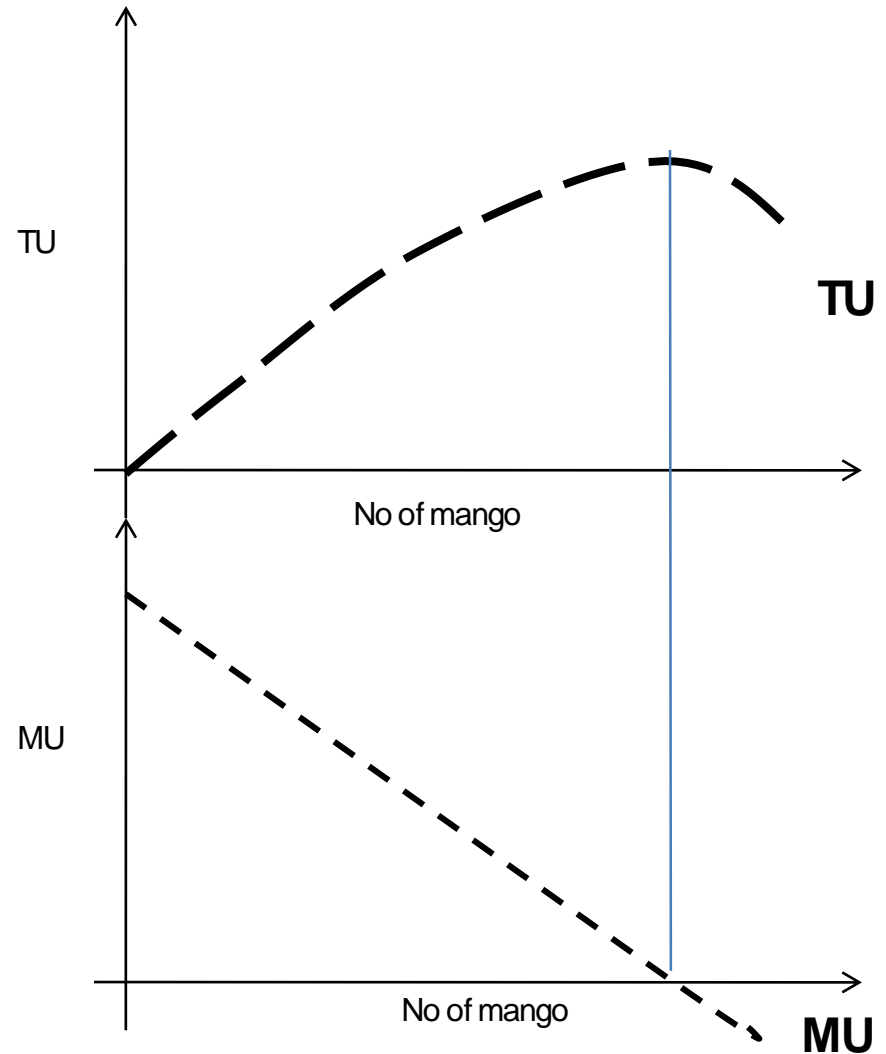
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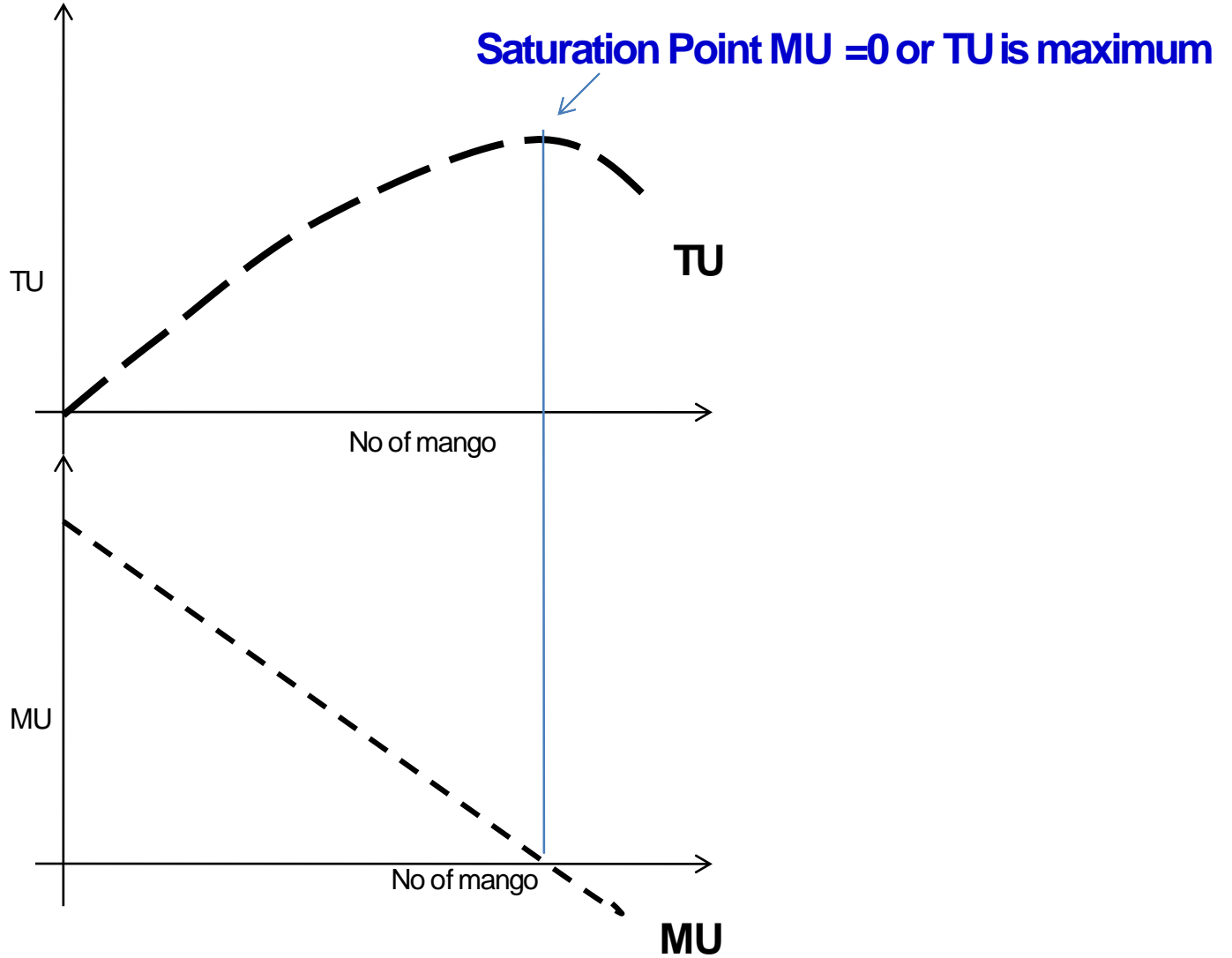
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Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility



Application of Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility

1. Bases of law of demand- why demand curve slopes downward
2. Law of equi- marginal utility is derived
3. Consumer surplus derived
4. Progressive Tax can be justified
5. Water-diamond paradox resolve

Law of Equal-Marginal Utility

Consumer's Equilibrium under Marshallian analysis

- Gossen Second Law
- Explain how consumer is maximize his satisfaction by allocating his income with different commodity at various prices.

- Condition for consumer equilibrium two commodity

$$\text{MU}_x/P_x = \text{MU}_y/P_y = \text{MU}_m$$

- Condition for consumer equilibrium more commodity

$$\text{MU}_x/P_x = \text{MU}_y/P_y = \dots\dots\dots \text{MU}_n/P_n = \text{MU}_m$$

Law of Equal-Marginal Utility

Consumer's Equilibrium under Marshallian analysis

Condition for consumer equilibrium

$$MU_x/P_x = MU_y/P_y = MU_m$$

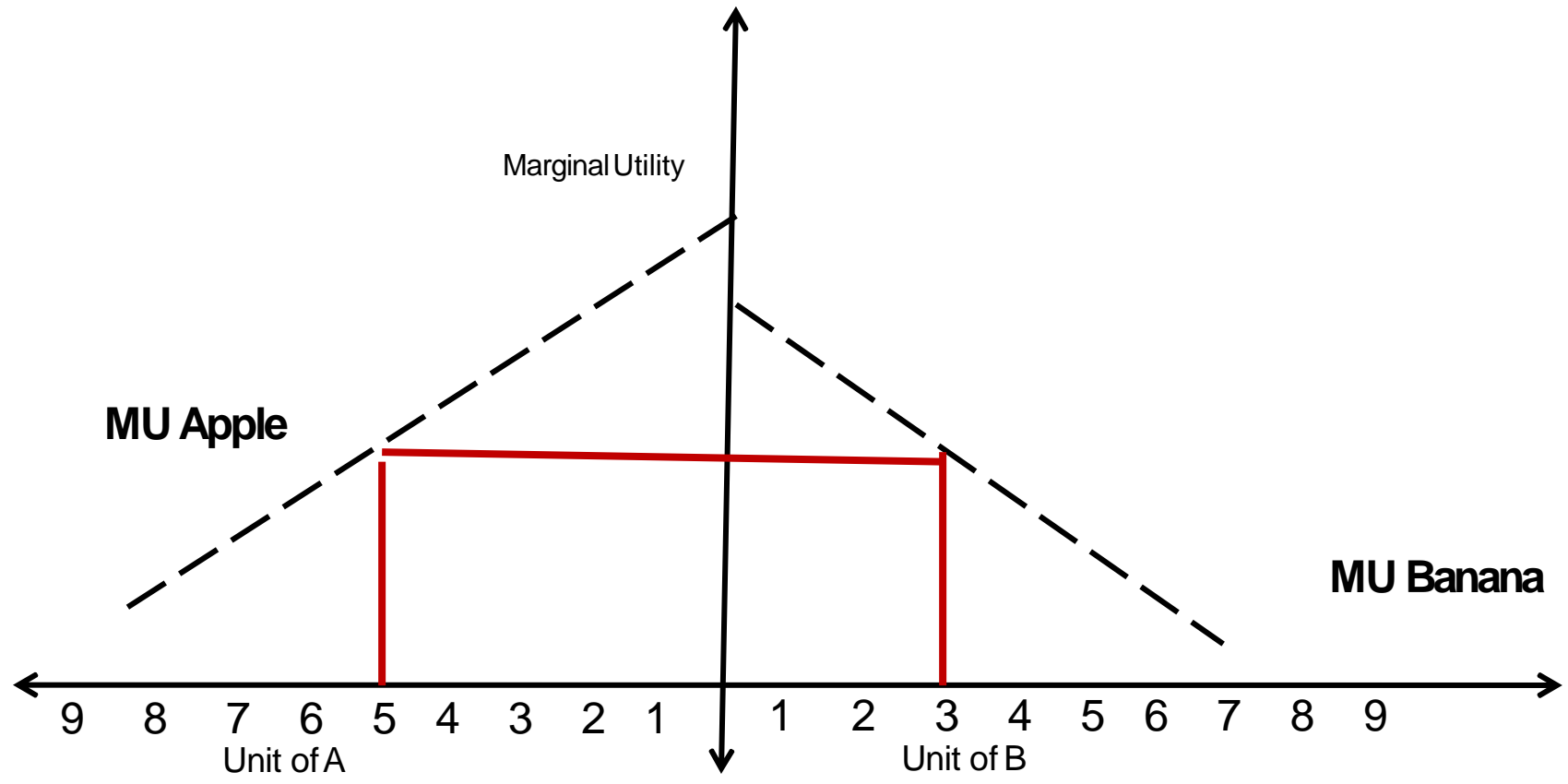
Apple (A)	MU _A	MU/P _A	Banana (B)	MU _B	MU/P _B
1	60	20	1	60	12
2	48	16	2	55	11
3	42	14	3	50	10
4	36	12	4	45	9
5	30	10	5	40	8
6	24	8	6	35	7
7	18	6	7	20	4
Price of A=3			Price of B=5		
MU of Money = 10					
Expenditure = 5x Price of A + 3 X Price B = 5 x 3 + 3 X 5 = Rs.30					

Apple – 5 Rate 15 Rupees
Banana – 3 Rate 15 Rupees

Law of Equal-Marginal Utility

Consumer's Equilibrium under Marshallian analysis

- Gossen Second Law
- Explain how consumer is maximize his satisfaction by allocating his income with different commodity at various prices.



Critical evaluation of Cardinal Utility analysis

- Utility is not Cardinally measurable
- Marginal Utility of money is not constant
- Inadequacy of methods of introspection
- Utilities are n interdependence
- Failure to explain ***Giffen Paradox***
- Failure to distinguish income effect and substitution effect

Thank
You